

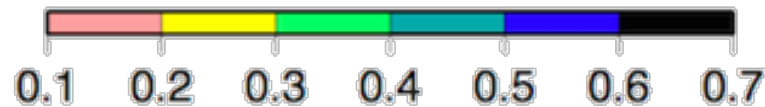
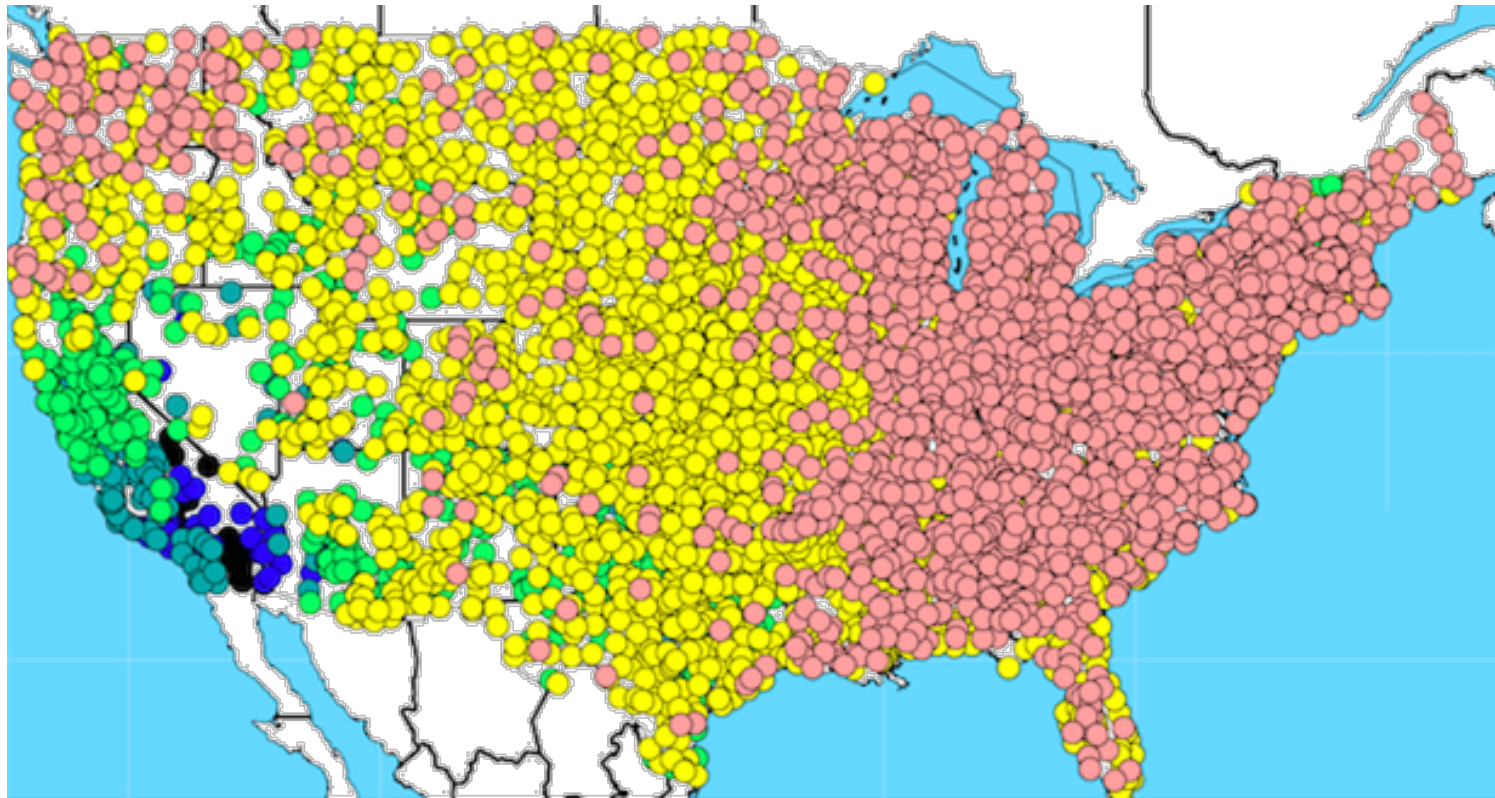
California Water Boards Response to Climate Change



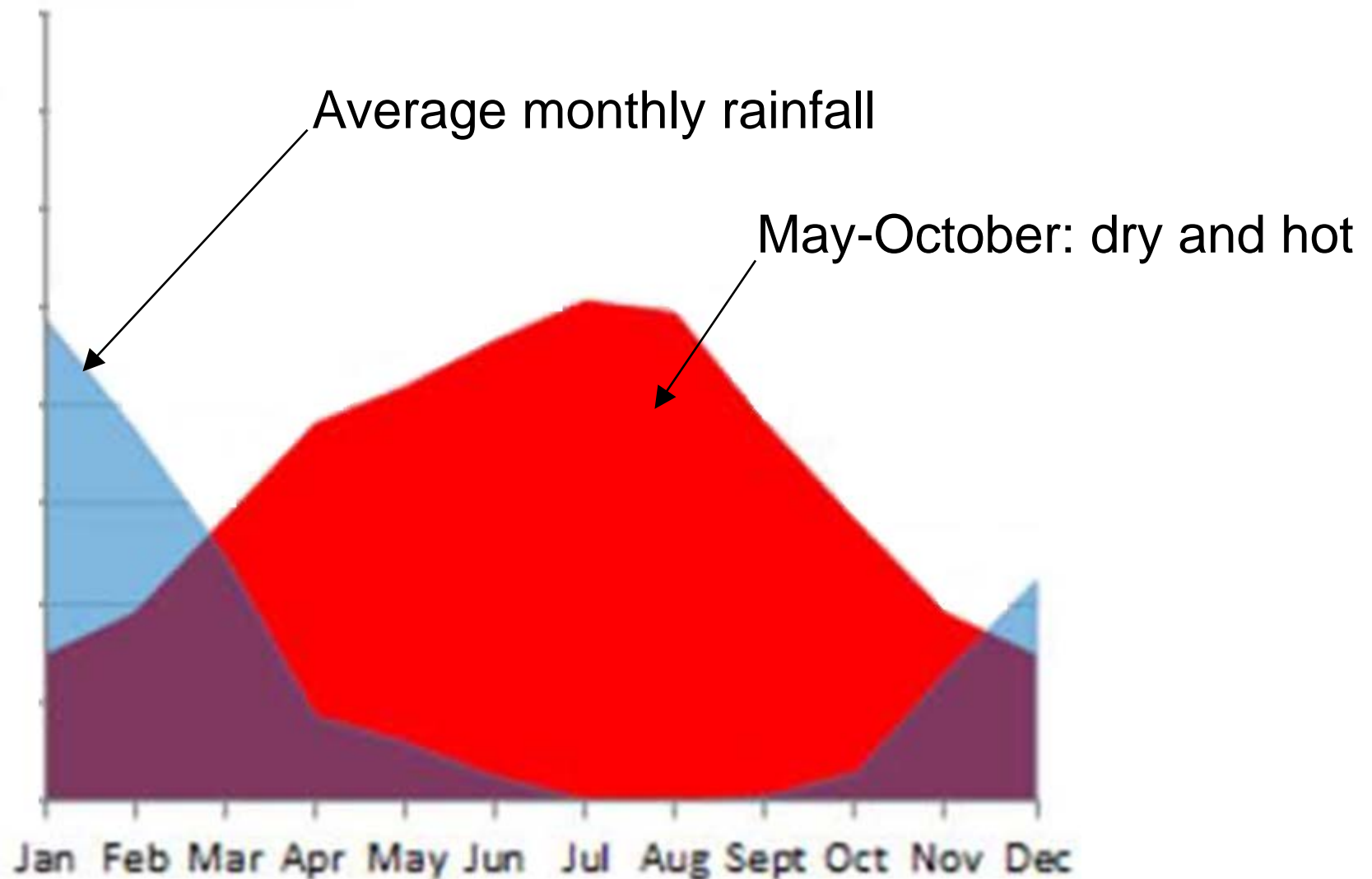
- California's climate and unique hydrology
- Impacts of climate change
- Mitigation of greenhouse gas emissions
- Adaptation to impacts

Precipitation is Variable

(Coefficient of Variation, Total Precipitation 1951-2008)



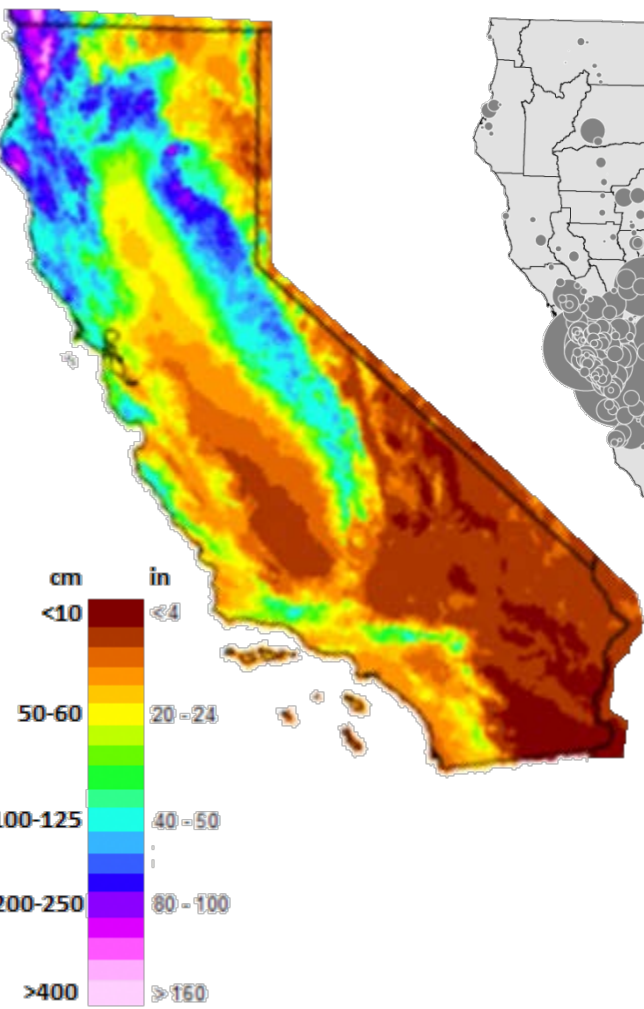
Dry/Hot and Wet Seasons



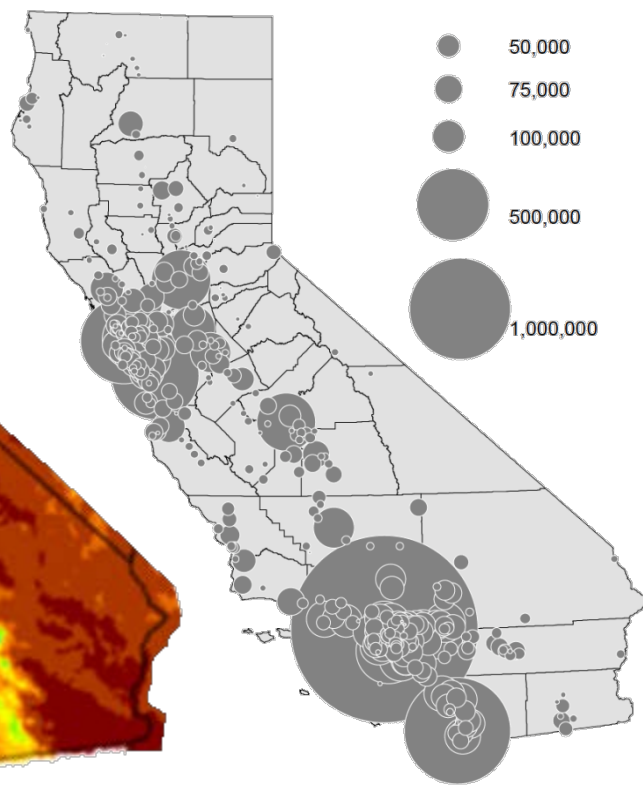
Mismatch of Supply and Demand

(in space and in time)

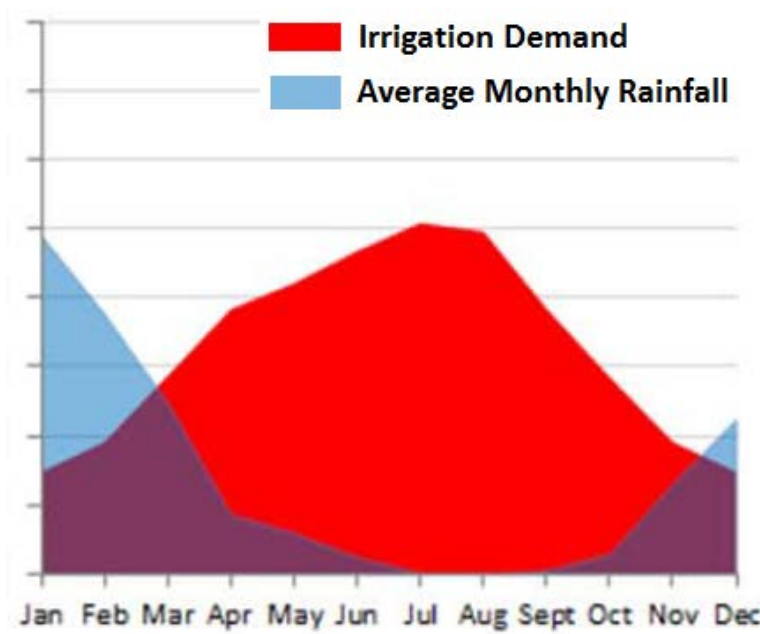
Precipitation



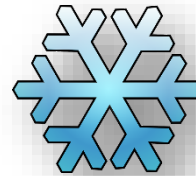
Population



Seasonal Demand



Water Delivery Infrastructure



Reliance on Snowpack



Reservoirs for flood protection and water storage

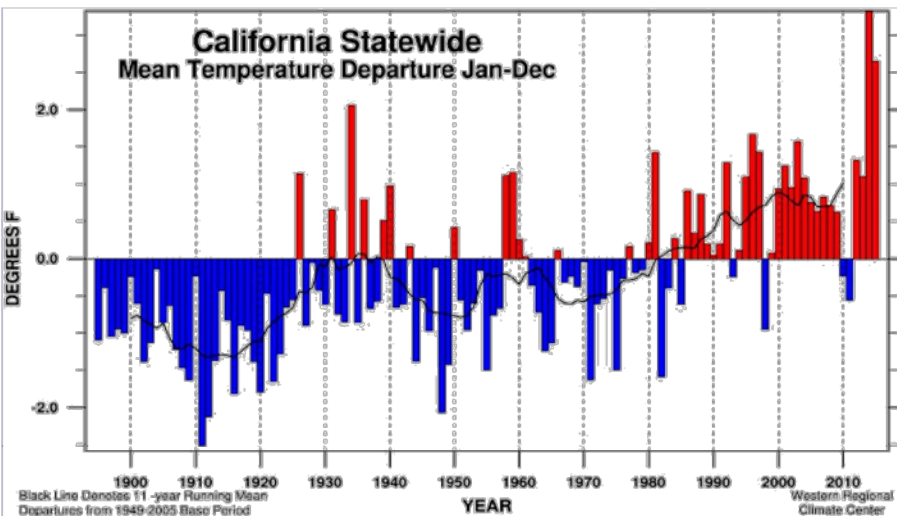
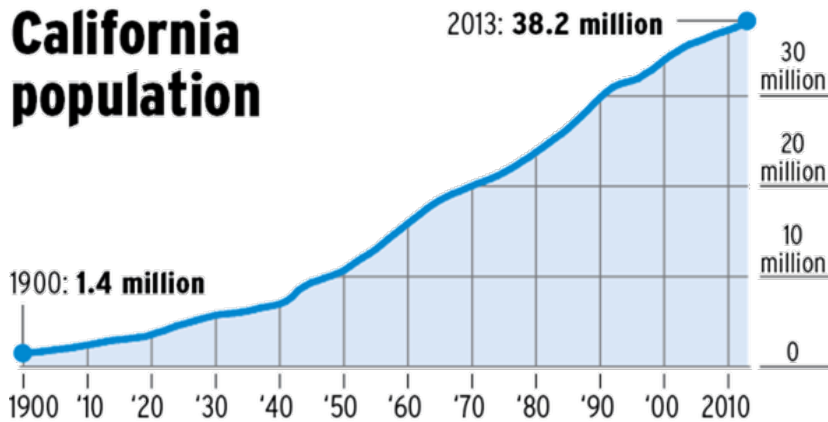
CALIFORNIA'S RECENT DROUGHT

Lake Levels 2011 and 2014



Photo Credit: San Diego Metro

Unprecedented Conditions



Communities running out of drinking water



Land fallowed, diminished crop yield

Jobs lost



Fish and wildlife impacts



Increased wildfires (ecological, air, land, and water impacts)

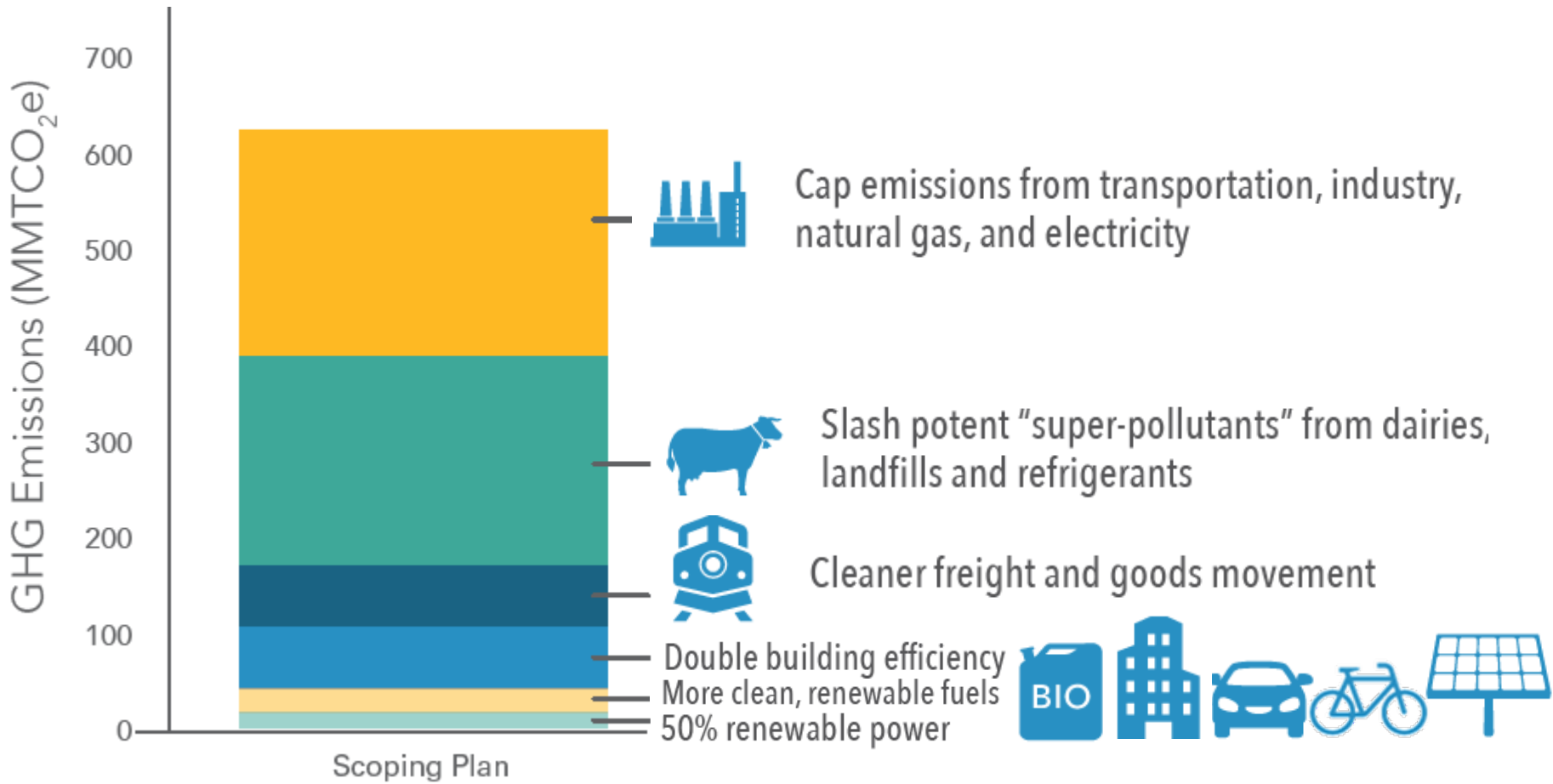


CALIFORNIA is already experiencing the impacts of CLIMATE CHANGE

IN 2015 THE DROUGHT COST THE
AGRICULTURE INDUSTRY IN THE
CENTRAL VALLEY AN ESTIMATED
\$2.7 BILLION & 20,000 JOBS

Mitigate Greenhouse Gas Emissions

ESTIMATED CUMULATIVE GHG REDUCTIONS (2021–2030)



Increase Resilience Of Water



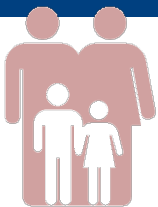
Conserve and use water efficiently
Diversify water supply
Manage groundwater for sustainability



Support healthy soils



Restore and protect forest health and ecosystems



Protect vulnerable populations